#### endangerd turtles.

#### Habitat

**1.**These turtles are found nesting along the coastline of more than 80 countries, with the largest nesting populations found in Costa Rica and Australia.2.Sea turtles live in almost every ocean basin throughout the world, nesting on tropical and subtropical beaches.3.found in most of the world's oceans, apart from cold polar seas.

life Cycle/Babies /Life Expectancy

- 1. Female sea turtles lay all in a round hundred eggs two or three times a season.
  - 2.Female green sea turtles leave the water in order to lay eggs on the beach and will choose the same nesting spot as where they were born.
- 3.The sea Turtles is a threatened species that has been on Earth for 150 million years. It takes approximately 20 years for a turtle to grow to be a breading. 4.A female will dig out a nest with her flippers and lay a clutch of about 5.After about two month the babies will use a special egg tooth" to break their shell and hatch from their eggs.

## Physical description

- 1.Adult Sea Turtles grows up to 2 metres and weighing 600 kilograms.
- 2.There are seven species of sea turtles: Kemp's ridley, flat black, Green olive ridley, loggerhead, hawksbill, and leatherback. 3. Sea turtles can live in seawater with no need for a freshwater source. They obtain sufficient water from their diet and from metabolizing seawater.
- 4. Sea turtles are characterized by a large, streamlined shell and non-retractile head and limbs.
- 5.But unlike cows, turtles don't have any teeth at all!



## **Predators Environmental Dangers**

After about two months, the.5 babies will use a special "egg tooth" to break their shells and hatch from their eggs. After about two months, the babies .3 will use a special "egg tooth" to break their shells and hatch from their eggs.4. 5. Adult sea turtles have a few predators, mostly large sharks.

# eating/food

crabs, whelks, and Conchs.2.Hatchlings areomnivores (meaning they eat both animalsand plants) but adults are carnivores, favoring crabs, whelks, and conchs.3.An adult hawksbill in the Caribbean can eat 544 kg (1,200 lbs.) of sponges a year.4.Sea turtles eat animal products, vegetables, and fruits. Box turtles can eat a wide variety of foods, such as slugs, worms, crickets, apples, tomatoes, cantaloupe and leafy green vegetables.